# **Transparency In Coverage**

# A. Out-of-Network Liability and Balance Billing

CMS Description of Item - Balance billing occurs when an out-of-network provider bills an enrollee for charges – other than copayments, coinsurance, or any amounts that may remain on a deductible.

### Piedmont's PPO and HMO-POS Plans

If the member chooses one of Piedmont's PPO or HMO-POS plans, the highest level of Benefits is available when you obtain Covered Services from Piedmont Providers. The Benefits are called "In-Plan" Benefits. For receipt of In-Plan Benefits when required Services are not available from Piedmont Providers the Participant (or his or her Piedmont Physician) shall contact Piedmont and provide information that the required Covered Services needed by the Participant are not available from Piedmont Providers. In that case, Piedmont will review the information with you and/or your Piedmont Physician as necessary and work with you and/or your Piedmont Physician to arrange for the Services to be provided as In-Plan Benefits by referral Providers outside the Service Area (or outside Piedmont's Network of Providers) with whom Piedmont has made arrangements to provide these Covered Services.

This Benefit Plan is a Network product that allows Participants to receive most Services either from non-Piedmont Providers or Piedmont Providers. A Participant who receives Covered Services from Providers other than Piedmont Providers (non-Piedmont Providers) will be subject to a reduced level of Benefits (which may result in no Benefits for some Services). These reduced Benefits are called "Out-of-Plan" Benefits. Coverage for both "In-Plan" and "Out-of-Plan" Benefits is described on the Schedule of Benefits that is a part of your Policy.

You have the option to receive Services from Piedmont or non-Piedmont Providers. When you choose to receive Services from a non-Piedmont Provider, then you are considered "Out-of-Plan" or "Out-of-Network." You have access to the same Covered Services as provided in this Policy; however, different Copayment, Deductible and/or Coinsurance amounts or Benefits maximums are listed on your Schedule of Benefits for Out-of-Plan services that will apply. If you receive Services without the proper authorization, you are considered "Out-of-Plan." These are listed in the "How to Use Your Benefits" Section of this Policy.

When you receive care or treatment from a non-Piedmont Provider, you may be responsible for all claims filing and preauthorization if this Provider does not agree to do so on your behalf. In addition, you may be balance billed by non-Piedmont Providers as described below.

Balance Billing - Piedmont's payment for Covered Services is based on an Allowable Charge. When Services are received from a Piedmont Provider who has agreed to Piedmont's negotiated rate, Participants are not responsible for the difference between the negotiated rate and the billed

amount. This amount is "written off" by the Piedmont Provider. For Out-of-Plan Covered Services, the Benefit payable is based on an Allowable Charge that Piedmont has determined to be applicable to non-Piedmont Providers. Balance billing is when the non-Piedmont Provider bills you for the amounts over and above Piedmont's Allowable Charge. You are responsible for the amounts above the Allowable Charge in addition to any Copayment, Deductible and/or Coinsurance amounts. Balance billed amounts do not count towards the Out-of-Pocket Limit maximum.

The Copayment amounts and Coinsurance percentages for Emergency services received from a non-Piedmont Provider are the same as the Copayment amounts and Coinsurance percentages for Emergency services received from a Piedmont Provider. Medically Necessary services will be covered whether you get care from an in-network or out-of-network Provider. Emergency care you get from an out-of-network Provider will be covered as an in-network service, but you may have to pay the difference between the out-of-network Provider's charge and the maximum allowed amount, as well as any applicable Coinsurance, Copayment or Deductible.

#### **Piedmont's HMO Plans**

If the member chooses one of Piedmont's HMO plans, there are no benefits provided for Out-of-Plan or Out-of-Network services, except in cases of Emergency services or in cases where Piedmont has issued a referral. This means that members who go to an Out-of-Plan provider, without having a Piedmont referral or being an Emergency situation, will have to pay all charges out of pocket for the services they receive.

Allowable Charge means the amount determined by Piedmont as payable for a specified Covered Service or the Provider's actual charge for that Service, whichever is less. Piedmont will not pay more than its Allowable Charge for any Covered Service. You will only have to pay your Copayment, Deductible, and/or Coinsurance and will not be balance billed by Piedmont Providers for amounts above the Allowable Charge. When seeing a non-Piedmont Provider due to a Piedmont preauthorized referral or an Emergency, Participants are responsible for billed charges in excess of the Allowable Charge. Amounts above the Allowable Charge do not apply toward the maximum Out-of-Pocket Limit.

The Copayment amounts and Coinsurance percentages for Emergency services received from a non-Piedmont Provider are the same as the Copayment amounts and Coinsurance percentages for Emergency services received from a Piedmont Provider. Medically Necessary services will be covered whether you get care from an in-network or out-of-network Provider. Emergency care you get from an out-of-network Provider will be covered as an in-network service, but you may have to pay the difference between the out-of-network Provider's charge and the maximum allowed amount, as well as any applicable Coinsurance, Copayment or Deductible.

## **B.** Enrollee Claims Submission

CMS Description of Item - An enrollee, instead of the provider, submits a claim to the issuer, requesting payment for services that have been received.

#### Piedmont's PPO, HMO, and HMO-POS Plans

Piedmont In-Plan providers file claims for members after they receive services. When you receive care or treatment from a non-Piedmont Provider (Piedmont HMO plans do not provide benefits for Out-of-Network services unless in Emergency situations or with a Piedmont referral or authorization), you may be responsible for all claims filing and preauthorization if this Provider does not agree to do so on your behalf. In addition, you may be balance billed by non-Piedmont Providers.

Written notice of a claim must be given within 20 days after a Covered loss starts or as soon as reasonably possible. The notice can be given to Piedmont at 2316 Atherholt Road, Lynchburg, VA 24501, or to Piedmont's agent. Notice should include the name of the Insured, and Claimant if other than the Insured, and the Policy number. If you have questions you can call Piedmont's Customer Service at 434-947-4463 or 800-400-7247.

When Piedmont receives a notice of claim, it will send the Participant forms for filing proof of loss. If these forms are not given to the Participant within 15 days after the giving of such notice, then the Participant shall meet the proof of loss requirements by giving Piedmont a written statement of the nature and extent of the loss within the time limit stated in the Proofs of Loss Section.

If the Policy provides for periodic payment for a continuing loss, written proof of loss must be given to Piedmont within 90 days after the end of each period for which Piedmont is liable. For any other loss, written proof must be given within 90 days after such loss. If it was not reasonably possible to give written proof in the time required, Piedmont shall not reduce or deny the claim for this reason if the proof is filed as soon as reasonably possible. In any event, except in the absence of legal capacity, the proof required must be given no later than one year from the time specified.

Benefits will be paid to the Insured. Loss of life Benefits are payable in accordance with the beneficiary designation in effect at the time of payment. If none is then in effect, the Benefits will be paid to the Insured's estate. Any other Benefits unpaid at death may be paid, at Piedmont's option, either to the Insured's beneficiary or the Insured's estate.

Any Participant-submitted Prescription Drug claims must be submitted on a Piedmont claim form, with receipts and a written explanation attached, within 60 days of the date the prescription was filled in order to be covered under this Policy.

# C. Grace Periods and Claims Pending Policies During the Grace Period

CMS Description of Item - A QHP issuer must provide a grace period of three consecutive months if an enrollee receiving advance payments of the premium tax credit has previously paid at least one full month's premium during the benefit year. During the grace period, the QHP issuer must provide an explanation of the three consecutive month grace period for enrollees with premium tax credits pursuant to 45 CFR 156.270(d).

## Piedmont's PPO, HMO, and HMO-POS Plans

Only Participants for whom Piedmont has received the required Premiums shall be entitled to Covered Services, and then only for the period(s) for which such payment(s) is / are received. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the Insured must pay the required Premium for Coverage in full on or before the 1st day of each month preceding the next month's Coverage. There is one exception. A grace period will be granted for payment of every Premium except the first Premium. The grace period is an additional period of time during which Coverage remains in effect and refers to either the 31-day grace period for individuals not receiving advance payments of the Premium tax credit (APTC), or the three consecutive month grace period required for individuals receiving APTC. Coverage will remain in force during the grace period, unless you provide Piedmont with notice of your wish to discontinue Coverage in advance of the date of discontinuance.

## Grace period for recipients of advance payments of the premium tax credit.

Piedmont provides a grace period of three consecutive months for an enrollee, who when failing to timely pay premiums, is receiving advance payments of the premium tax credit. During the grace period, Piedmont will:

- (1) Pay all appropriate claims for services rendered to the enrollee during the first month of the three consecutive month grace period and may pend claims for services rendered to the enrollee in the second and third months of the three consecutive month grace period. Pend claims is a hold status for the claim. Claims incurred in the second and third months of the three consecutive month grace period, will not be paid until full payment of all Premiums due are received by Piedmont on or before the last day of the three consecutive month grace period.
- (2) Notify providers of the possibility for denied claims when an enrollee is in the second and third months of the 3-consecutive month grace period.

If the Participant does receive APTC, a grace period of three consecutive months is allowed for individuals who have previously paid at least one month's Premium in a Benefit year. During the grace period, Piedmont must apply any payment received to the first billing cycle in which payment was delinquent and continue to collect the APTC. If the required Premium payments due are not paid on or before the end of the three consecutive month grace period, the policy will be terminated, and the last day of Coverage will be the last day of the first month of the three consecutive month grace period. Piedmont must pay claims incurred during the first month of the three consecutive month grace period, if all payments due are not paid on

or before the last day of the three consecutive month grace period. You will be liable to Piedmont for the Premium payment due, including for the grace period, or for the payment of a pro rata premium for the time the policy was in force during any part of the grace period.

Piedmont reserves the right to refuse to effectuate new coverage for you if you have unpaid past due premiums with us for the period of time coverage was actually in force within the prior 12 months from your prospective coverage effective date.

## Grace period for recipients not receiving advance payments of the premium tax credit.

If the Participant does not receive APTC, the grace period will begin on the Premium due date and continue for 31 days, unless you provide Piedmont with notice of your wish to discontinue Coverage in advance of the date of discontinuance. If you do not make the full payment of any Premium due during the grace period, the Policy will be terminated, and the last day of coverage will be the last day of the Grace Period. You will be liable to Piedmont for the Premium payment due, including for the grace period, or for the payment of a pro rata premium for the time the policy was in force during any part of the grace period.

Piedmont reserves the right to refuse to effectuate new coverage for you if you have unpaid past due premiums with us for the period of time coverage was actually in force within the prior 12 months from your prospective coverage effective date.

## **D.** Retroactive Denials

CMS Description of Item - A retroactive denial is the reversal of a previously paid claim, through which the enrollee then becomes responsible for payment.

#### Piedmont's PPO, HMO, and HMO-POS Plans

Piedmont may deny a claim after the member has received services from a provider. This could happen in cases of loss of coverage due to non-payment of premium or loss of eligibility of coverage. It could also occur if Piedmont performs a retrospective review of medical records or services to determine Medical Necessity. A retrospective review could also include determining that a true emergency situation existed for Emergency Room or Urgent Care Center visits.

Members should try to prevent retroactive denials of claims by always paying their premiums on time and notifying the Marketplace of any change in circumstances. The member should also become familiar with Piedmont's preauthorization procedures to prevent retroactive denials.

# **E.** Enrollee Recoupment of Overpayments

CMS Description of Item - Enrollee recoupment of overpayments is the refund of a premium overpayment by the enrollee due to the over-billing by the issuer.

## Piedmont's PPO, HMO and HMO-POS Plans

Premium(s) shall mean the monthly payment due from the Insured to Piedmont as specified in the Policy and related documents as a condition precedent for Insureds to receive Coverage. Members should contact Piedmont if they think that they have paid more premium than what they believe is due and therefore ask Piedmont for a refund.

# F. Medical Necessity and Prior Authorization Timeframes and Enrollee Responsibilities

CMS Description of Item -

- 1. Medical necessity is used to describe care that is reasonable, necessary, and/or appropriate, based on evidence-based clinical standards of care.
- 2. Prior authorization is a process through which an issuer approves a request to access a covered benefit before the insured accesses the benefit.

#### Piedmont's PPO, HMO, and HMO-POS Plans

Medically Necessary services or Medical Necessity refers to those Covered Services that Piedmont determines are: (1) consistent with the diagnosis and treatment of the Insured's condition; (2) are appropriate given the circumstances and the symptoms; (3) are provided to treat the condition, illness, disease or injury; (4) are in accordance with standards of good medical practice; (5) are not primarily for the convenience of the Insured or the Provider; and (6) with respect to Inpatient care, are provided to treat a condition requiring acute care as a bed patient. Piedmont will determine the Medical Necessity of a given service or procedure.

It is the member's responsibility to obtain preauthorization before treatment is received for services that require it. Piedmont requires Providers (or Participants acting on their own behalf) to make preauthorization arrangements during regular business hours. Piedmont's preauthorization is not required for Emergencies anytime or Urgent Care situations after hours.

Certain Covered Services will require preauthorization by Piedmont, except in an Emergency or Urgent Care situations after hours (see below). Your Piedmont Physician will work with you and Piedmont to handle these preauthorization requirements. Examples of these Services are as follows:

- 1. Referrals for Covered Services to Providers who are not Piedmont Providers.
- 2. Transplants.
- 3. Non-Emergency Inpatient procedures, Outpatient services at a skilled medical facility (including a Hospital), and diagnostic testing / X-rays at a skilled medical facility (including a Hospital).
- 4. Non-Emergency MRI and related diagnostic procedures.
- 5. Non-Emergency ambulance and air ambulance transportation.
- 6. Certain drugs and medications.

You or your Piedmont Provider must submit documentation, including a treatment plan when requested, to Piedmont for Services requiring preauthorization. Piedmont will establish that the appropriate level of criteria have been met and, if so, provide an authorization to the Provider from whom you plan to receive Services.

A Participant is not required to receive a referral or authorization from the Primary Care Physician or Piedmont before receiving obstetrical or gynecological care from a Provider who specializes in obstetrics or gynecological care. Obstetrical and gynecological care that the Participant may receive from a Provider without the Primary Care Physician's or Piedmont's prior authorization includes ordering related obstetrical and gynecological items and services that are Covered Benefits.

When you require resuscitation, Emergency treatment, or your life is endangered, Piedmont does not require prior authorization before you call: (1) an Emergency 911 system; or (2) other state, county or municipal Emergency medical system.

Emergency services provided to the Insured in the Emergency department of a Hospital or other skilled medical facility are Covered Benefits:

- (a) Without regard to whether the Provider furnishing the Emergency services is a Piedmont Provider with respect to the services;
- (b) Without the need for preauthorization by Piedmont, even if a non-Piedmont Provider provides the Emergency Services; and
- (c) If a non-Piedmont Provider provides the Emergency Services, without imposing any administrative requirement or limitation on Coverage that is more restrictive than the requirements or limitations that apply to Emergency services received from Piedmont Providers.

If your Piedmont Physician feels that you need to see a Physician or other medical professional who is not a Piedmont Provider and you believe these Services may be eligible for In-Plan Benefits, then your Physician must submit medical information, in writing, to Piedmont. Retroactive requests for consideration at the In-Plan Benefit level will not be considered. Covered Services from non-Piedmont Providers must be preauthorized by Piedmont in order to receive In-Plan Benefits. Piedmont has the right to determine where the Service can be provided for Coverage when a Piedmont Provider cannot render the Service.

1. Post-Service and Pre-Service Claims Review:

Piedmont will review a:

• Post-service claim within: 30 days after Piedmont receives it; and

• Pre-service claim within: 15 days after Piedmont receives it.

A "post-service claim" is any claim under this Policy for a Benefit for which the Participant does not need approval before receiving the Benefit. Most claims under this Policy are post-service claims.

A "pre-service claim" is any claim under this Policy for a Benefit for which the Participant must receive approval (preauthorization) before receiving the Benefit.

Piedmont may extend the time to review a claim for an additional 15 days if it: (1) decides that an extension is necessary for reasons beyond Piedmont's control; (2) notifies you of the reason for the extension in writing before the initial review period ends; and (3) tells you when Piedmont expects to make its final decision. If the extension is because Piedmont did not receive necessary information, the extension notice will describe the needed information. You will have 45 days after you receive such an extension notice to provide the information. Piedmont's time to review a claim is "tolled" or stops between the date it sends the extension notice and the date Piedmont receives the requested information.

# 2. Urgent Care Claims Review:

Except as otherwise provided in this section, Piedmont will review an Urgent Care Claim within 72 hours after receipt.

For the purposes of this paragraph and the "Claims and Eligibility Appeals" and "Claims Notices" paragraphs of this Section, an "Urgent Care Claim" is any claim for a Benefit for which the application of post-service or pre-service time frames:

- Could seriously jeopardize the Participant's life, health, or ability to regain maximum function; or
- Would, in the opinion of a Physician who is knowledgeable about the Participant's medical condition, subject that Participant to severe pain that cannot be adequately managed without the Benefit.

Piedmont will notify the claimant of a Benefit determination (whether adverse or not) with respect to an Urgent Care Claim as soon as possible, taking into account the medical exigencies, but not later than 24 hours after Piedmont receives the claim, unless the claimant fails to provide sufficient information to determine whether, or to what extent, Benefits are Covered or payable under this Policy.

Piedmont will apply the standard of "a prudent layperson who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine" when it determines whether your claim is an Urgent Care Claim. However, if the Physician who is knowledgeable about your medical condition advises Piedmont that your claim is an Urgent Care Claim, then Piedmont will treat it as such.

Piedmont may extend the time to review an Urgent Care Claim up to 48 hours if it: (1) does not receive information that it needs to determine whether the claim is covered; and (2) tells you what information Piedmont needs to complete its claims review. Piedmont will provide this notice within 24 hours after it receives its Urgent Care Claim. You will have 48 hours to provide the necessary information. For an Urgent Care Claim, Piedmont will notify you of its decision no more than 48 hours after: (1) Piedmont receives the requested information; or (2) the extension period ends, whichever is earlier.

# G. Drug Exceptions Timeframes and Enrollee Responsibilities

CMS Description of Item – Issuers' exceptions processes allow enrollees to request and gain access to drugs not listed on the plan's formulary, pursuant to 45 CFR 156.122(c).

## Piedmont's PPO, HMO and HMO-POS Plans

Piedmont has a process in place for a Plan Participant, a designated representative, the prescribing Physician or other prescriber to request and gain access to clinically appropriate drugs not otherwise covered on Piedmont's formulary.

A Formulary Exception request may be submitted to allow a Plan Participant to obtain coverage for a drug by phone or fax. An Exceptions Request Form is available online at <a href="https://pchp.net/index.php/member-forms-marketplace.html">https://pchp.net/index.php/member-forms-marketplace.html</a>] Forms may be faxed to [CVS/Caremark at 1-855-245-2134]. Exceptions requests may also be communicated by phone to [CVS/Caremark at 1-855-582-2022]. Please note that this exception process only applies to drugs not included on the formulary and can be submitted for standard or expedited requests.

Piedmont will act on a standard exception request within one (1) business day of receipt of the request. We will cover the prescription drug only if we agree that it is Medically Necessary and appropriate over the other drugs that are on the formulary. We will make a coverage determination and notify the appropriate requester within 72 hours following receipt of the request. If we approve the coverage of the drug, coverage of the drug will be provided for the duration of your prescription, including refills. If we deny coverage of the drug, we have a process in place to allow the request to be reviewed by an independent review organization as described under "External Exception Request Review" in this section.

A Plan Participant, a designated representative, the prescribing Physician or other prescriber may also submit a request for a prescription drug that is not on the formulary based on exigent circumstances. Exigent circumstances exist if you are suffering from a health condition that may seriously jeopardize your life, health, or ability to regain maximum function, or if you are undergoing a current course of treatment using a drug not on the formulary. We will make a coverage decision within 24 hours of receipt of your request. If we approve your request, coverage of the drug will be provided for the duration of the exigency. If we deny your request, we have a process in place to allow the request to be reviewed by an independent review organization as described under "External Exception Request Review" in this section.

External Exception Request Review - If the Plan denies an appeal of a standard or expedited request, we have a process in place to allow the request to be reviewed by an independent review organization. Piedmont includes language and instructions in the exceptions denial letter that will assist members and providers with requesting independent external review. Notification of a decision on an external exception request will be given to the Member, representative, or physician no later than 72 hours following receipt of the request if the original request was a standard request. If the original request was an expedited request, notification will be given no later than 24 hours following receipt of the request. If an external exception request is approved, the Plan will provide Coverage for the non-formulary drug for the duration of the prescription, including refills and without additional cost-sharing beyond that provided for formulary prescription drugs in the Member's covered benefits. For expedited exception requests Coverage of the non-formulary drug will be provided for the duration of the exigency and without additional cost-sharing beyond that provided for formulary prescription drugs in the Member's covered benefits.

There are two exceptions to the formulary requirement:

- You may obtain Coverage without additional cost sharing beyond that which is required of formulary prescription drugs for a non-formulary drug if Piedmont determines, after consulting with the prescribing Physician, the formulary drugs are inappropriate therapy for your condition.
- You may obtain Coverage without additional cost sharing beyond that which is required of formulary prescription drugs for a non-formulary drug if:
  - You have been taking or using the non-formulary prescription drug for at least six months prior to its exclusion from the formulary; and
  - The prescribing physician determines that either the formulary drugs are inappropriate therapy for your condition, or that changing drug therapy presents a significant health risk.

# **H.** Information on Explanation of Benefits (EOBs)

CMS Description of Item – An EOB is a statement an issuer sends the enrollee to explain what medical treatments and/or services it paid for on an enrollee's behalf, the issuer's payment, and the enrollee's financial responsibility pursuant to the terms of the policy.

## Piedmont's PPO, HMO, and HMO-POS Plans

Piedmont will send an Explanation of Benefits (EOB) document to the member after the member receives a service. The EOB will provide details on the following items concerning the health care service:

• Piedmont contact information if the member has any Questions;

- Claim detail showing the service provided, the provider, the dates of service, billed amounts, provider discounts, allowed amounts, non-covered amounts, other insurance amounts, benefit that is payable, the deductible applied, the copay applied, the coinsurance applied, the member portion due, and code descriptions;
- Accumulator descriptions including the Amount, Amount Met, and Amount Remaining of Deductibles and Out-of-Pocket Maximums.

# I. Coordination of Benefits (COB)

CMS Description of Item – Coordination of benefits exists when an enrollee is also covered by another plan and determines which plan pays first.

# Piedmont's PPO, HMO, and HMO-POS Plans

Special Coordination of Benefits (COB) rules apply when you or members of your family have additional Coverage through other health insurance Plans, including but not limited to:

- Group and individual insurance Plans, group Blue Cross Blue Shield, health maintenance organization, and other prepaid coverage;
- Labor management trustee plans, union welfare plans, employer welfare plans, employer organization plans, or Employee Benefit organization plans; and
- Coverage under any tax-supported or government program to the extent permitted by law.

When the COB provision applies, the insurance carriers involved will coordinate the benefits payable. The COB provision is meant to prevent duplicate payments for the same services.

If You have two insurance Plans, one of the Plans will be considered the primary Plan and the other Plan will be the secondary Plan. The primary Plan is the Plan which will process claims for benefits first (as though no other coverage exists), and the secondary Plan will coordinate its payment so as not to duplicate benefits provided by the primary Plan.

## **Coordination with Group Coverage**

Coverage under this Plan is always secondary to any Group Coverage.

Whenever the benefits under any other Plan are payable without regard to benefits payable under this Plan, this Plan is secondary. Services that are not eligible for benefits under both Plans will not be subject to coordination of benefits.

When this Plan is secondary, the value of Covered Services will be based on Our Allowable Charge to determine Our liability. When providing secondary coverage, the aggregate of benefits under both Plans for the coordinated services will not exceed Our Allowable Charge for those coordinated services. If benefits are provided in the form of services by the primary carrier, as with a health maintenance organization, the value of the coordinated services is based upon Our Allowable Charge for the service. We may coordinate the benefits We would have paid so that the sum of Our benefits and the value of the coordinated services reduced by any applicable Deductible, Copayment or

Coinsurance of the primary carrier does not exceed Our Allowable Charge.

No limitations will be extended because of coordination of benefits. All dollar amount and visit limits still apply, even when We are the secondary carrier. You may not elect to file Your claims only with Us in order to obtain primary benefits when the other carrier would otherwise be the primary carrier.

### **Coordination with Plans other than Group Coverage**

When a Participant is also enrolled in another non-group health Plan, one Coverage will be primary and one will be secondary. The decision of which Coverage will be primary or secondary is made using the order of Benefit determination rules listed below:

- If the other Coverage does not have COB rules substantially similar to Piedmont's, the other Coverage will be primary.
- If a Participant is enrolled as: (1) the named insured under one coverage; and (2) a Dependent under another, then generally the one that covers him or her as the named insured will be primary.
- If a Participant is the named insured under both coverages, generally the one that covers him or her for the longer period of time will be primary.
- If the Participant is enrolled as a dependent child under both coverages (e.g. when both parents cover their child), typically the coverage of the parent whose birthday falls earliest in the Benefit Year will be the primary.
- Special rules apply when a Participant is enrolled as a dependent child under two Coverages and the child's parents are separated or divorced. Generally, the coverage of the parent or stepparent with primary custody will be primary. However, if a court order requires one parent to provide for medical expenses for the child, that parent's coverage will be primary. If a court order that states the parents share joint custody without designating that one of the parents is responsible for medical expenses, the coverage of the parent whose birthday falls earliest in the Benefit Year will be primary.

#### **Coordination with Medicare**

Any benefits covered under both this Plan and Medicare will be paid pursuant to Medicare Secondary Payor legislation, regulations, and Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services guidelines, subject to federal court decisions. Federal law controls whenever there is a conflict among state law, Plan provisions, and federal law.

Except when federal law requires the Plan to be the primary payor, the benefits under this Plan for members age 65 and older, or members otherwise eligible for Medicare, do not duplicate any

benefit for which members are entitled under Medicare. Where Medicare is the responsible payor, all sums payable by Medicare for services provided to members shall be reimbursed by or on behalf of the members to the Plan, to the extent the Plan has made payment for such services. For the purpose of the calculation of benefits, if the Member has not enrolled in the Medicare Part B, We will calculate benefits as if they had enrolled. This provision is applicable only to those eligible for Medicare due to age.